IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNIVERSAL TRADING & INVESTMENT COMPANY,

Plaintiff,

٧.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

PETRO MIKOLAYEVICH KIRITCHENKO, et al.,

Defendants

No. C-99-3073 MMC (EDL)

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR ENTRY OF DEFAULT AGAINST ABS TRADING, INC. AND ZENETA FOUNDATION; VACATING HEARING

(Docket No. 1121)

Before the Court is plaintiff's motion, filed December 1, 2006, to "Strike Pleadings and to Enter Default of ABS Trading, Inc. and of Zeneta Foundation." Defendant Peter Kiritchenko, president of ABS and an asserted beneficiary of Zeneta Foundation, has filed opposition to the motion; plaintiff has filed a reply. Having considered the papers filed in support of and in opposition to the motion, the Court finds the matter appropriate for decision without oral argument, <u>see</u> Civil L.R. 7-1(b), hereby VACATES the January 5, 2007 hearing on the matter, and rules as follows.

1. ABS

Plaintiff argues ABS has been suspended by the State of California and,

¹ By the same motion, plaintiff also sought imposition of monetary sanctions. By order filed December 8, 2006, the Court struck the request for monetary sanctions without prejudice to plaintiff's refiling the request as a separate motion.

consequently, has no right to defend against the instant action. On December 15, 2006, 1 2 however, the California Secretary of State issued a Notice of Revivor, stating that ABS "is 3 now in good standing with the Secretary of State." (See Lisi Supp. Decl. ¶ 4 and Ex. A.) A 4 corporation is entitled to defend against an action if it is revived prior to entry of judgment. 5 See The Cadle Company v. World Wide Hospitality Furniture, Inc., 144 Cal. App. 4th 504, 511-514 (2006) (reversing judgment against corporation where corporation was revived 6 7 after trial and prior to entry of judgment). Moreover, revival of a corporation retroactively 8 validates all procedural acts taken on behalf of the corporation during the period of its 9 suspension, including "most litigation activity." See, e.g., Benton v. County of Napa, 226 10 Cal. App. 3d 1485, 1490-91 (1991) (holding if corporation "obtains a certificate of revivor during the pendency of an action, the corporation may be allowed to carry on litigation, 11 even to the extent of validating otherwise invalid prior proceedings");² Diverco Constructors, 12 Inc. v. Wilstein, 4 Cal. App. 3d 6, 12 (1970) (holding corporation's "undertaking discovery 13 and appearing on and filing motions" during three-year period of suspension "were not a 14 nullity": "[i]ts legal rights were merely suspended and were revived, like an unconscious 15 16 person revived by artificial respiration"). Accordingly, plaintiff's motion for entry of default

2. Zeneta

against ABS will be DENIED.

Kiritchenko argues Zeneta was never served. Kiritchenko's counsel attests that although plaintiff, on May 19, 2000, attempted service on Zeneta by having a messenger deliver a summons and a copy of the complaint to counsel's law firm, counsel informed plaintiff that said firm did not represent Zeneta and was not authorized to accept service on Zeneta's behalf. (See Roman Decl. ¶¶ 6-7 and Ex. C.) Plaintiff argues that Kiritchenko is both the agent and alter ego of Zeneta and, consequently, that it served Zeneta by serving

26

27

28

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

² One exception, not applicable here, is that "if an action is commenced during the period of suspension and the corporate powers are revived after the limitations period expires, the revival does not toll the running of the limitations period." See id. at 1491.

Case 3:99-cv-03073-MMC Document 1164 Filed 01/03/07 Page 3 of 3

the complaint upon Kiritchenko.³ Even assuming, <u>arguendo</u>, Zeneta may be served by serving Kiritchenko, an issue the Court does not reach, plaintiff has submitted no evidence that it ever served Kiritchenko as Zeneta's representative. <u>See, e.g., Earl W. Schott, Inc. v. Kalar</u>, 20 Cal. App. 4th 943, 946 (1994) (noting "in an action against a corporation, service upon an individual not specifically designated as an officer of the corporation [is] insufficient"). Accordingly, plaintiff's motion for entry of default against Zeneta will be DENIED without prejudice to plaintiff's filing a new motion demonstrating that Zeneta was properly served.⁴

For the reasons set forth above, plaintiff's motion is hereby DENIED in its entirety. This order terminates Docket No. 1121.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 3, 2007

MAXINE M. CHESNEY
United States District Judge

Japine M. Chesne

³ Plaintiff also attempted service on Zeneta in Liechtenstein but was informed by the Liechtenstein court, in a letter dated September 11, 2000, that service could not be effected because at that time, "the Foundation ha[d] no representative body or an empowered representative." (See Lambert Decl. ¶¶ 17-18 and Ex. G.)

⁴ The Court does not consider the new arguments set forth in plaintiff's reply. <u>See, e.g., Lentini v. California Center for the Arts, Escondido,</u> 370 F.3d 837, 843 n. 6 (9th Cir. 2004) (refusing to consider argument raised for the first time in reply because opposing party had no opportunity to respond).